INDIANA HEALTH COVERAGE PROGRAMS (IHCP) PHARMACY BENEFIT PCSK9 INHIBITORS AND SELECT LIPOTROPICS PRIOR AUTHORIZATION REQUEST FORM



MDwise Fax to: (858) 790-7100 c/o MedImpact Healthcare Systems, Inc. Attn: Prior Authorization Department 10181 Scripps Gateway Court, San Diego, CA 92131 Phone: (800) 788-2949



Today's Date					
Note: This form must be completed by the prescribing provider. **All sections must be completed or the request will be returned**					
Patient's Medicaid #		Date of Birth			
Patient's Name		Prescriber's Name			
Prescriber's IN License #		Specialty			
Prescriber's NPI #		Prescriber's Signatur	e		
Return Fax #	-	Return Phone #			
Check box if requesting retro-active PA		Date(s) of service requestro-active eligibility	(if applicable):		
			nation, but within established eligibility timelines) quests (dates of service 30 calendar days or less		
Requested Medication	Strength	Quantity	Dosage Regimen		
		I			
PA Requirements for Niacin ER					
Diagnosis of severe hypertriglycer	idemia (baseline tr	iglycerides ≥500 m	ng/dL) □ Yes □ No		
If Yes, then one of the following					
☐ Member is on concurrent therap	by with all of the fo	llowing for at least	90 days: omega-3 fatty acid (omega-3-acid		
ethyl esters or icosapent ethyl), fib Drug/dose/date(s):	ric acid derivative,	statin therapy			
			acid derivative, AND statin therapy OR ric acid derivative, AND statin therapy		
2. Member is 17 years of age or olde	r □ Yes □ No				

1.	Member has a diagnosis of homozygous familial hypercholesterolemia (HoFH) ☐ Yes ☐ No
2.	Medication prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or endocrinologist $\ \square$ Yes $\ \square$ No
3.	Member is 12 years of age or older □ Yes □ No
4.	Member will use at least one additional lipid-lowering therapy concurrently with Evkeeza ☐ Yes ☐ No Drug/dose(s):
5.	One of the following:
	☐ Previous trial and failure of Praluent (alirocumab) OR Repatha (evolocumab) Drug/dose/date(s):
	Note: Members 10 through 17 years of age must trial Repatha first. Members 18 years of age and older must trial Praluent or Repatha first.
	☐ Contraindication/intolerance of Repatha AND Praluent, OR medical justification for use of Evkeeza
	Please explain:
	One of the following (if Repatha AND Praluent contraindication/intolerance exists): □ Previous trial and failure of at least 90 days of high intensity rosuvastatin (20mg/40mg) therapy concurrently with ezetimibe
	One of the following (if Repatha AND Praluent contraindication/intolerance exists): □ Previous trial and failure of at least 90 days of high intensity rosuvastatin (20mg/40mg) therapy

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PA	A Requirements for Juxtapid (lomitapide mesylate):
1.	Member is enrolled in the Juxtapid/lomitapide REMS program and prescriber is monitoring in accordance with REMS requirements \Box Yes \Box No
2.	Member is 18 years of age or older ☐ Yes ☐ No
3.	Medication prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or endocrinologist $\ \square$ Yes $\ \square$ No
4.	One of the following: □ Previous trial and failure of Praluent (alirocumab) OR Repatha (evolocumab) Drug/dose/date(s):
	☐ Contraindication/intolerance of Repatha AND Praluent, OR medical justification for use of Juxtapid Please explain:
	One of the following (if Repatha AND Praluent contraindication/intolerance exists): □ Previous trial and failure of at least 90 days of high intensity rosuvastatin (20mg/40mg) therapy concurrently with ezetimibe Drug/dose/date(s):
	☐ Member has a rosuvastatin intolerance and has a previous trial and failure of at least 90 days of high intensity atorvastatin (40mg/80mg) therapy concurrently with ezetimibe Drug/dose/date(s):
	□ Documented intolerance to both rosuvastatin and atorvastatin and/or ezetimibe OR medical justification for use of Juxtapid over statin and/or ezetimibe therapy Please explain:
5.	Member has negative pregnancy test in the past 30 days (documentation required) and prescriber has counseled member on risks associated with conceiving while utilizing Juxtapid and appropriate methods of contraception \square Yes \square No
	Prescriber Name and Signature:
6.	Requested dose is 60 mg/day or less □ Yes □ No

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PA	A Requirements for Leqvio (inclisiran):	
1.	One of the following:	
	 Member has a diagnosis of clinical atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease (ASCVD) AND an elevated LDL-C level (≥70 mg/dL) (documentation required) 	
	 Member has diagnosis of heterozygous familial hypercholesterolemia (HeFH) AND an elevated LDL-C level (≥100 mg/dL) (documentation required) 	
2.	Member is 18 years of age or older ☐ Yes ☐ No	
3.	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or endocrinologist $\ \square$ Yes $\ \square$ No	
4.	One of the following:	
	☐ Member will be using maximally tolerated statin therapy AND ezetimibe concurrently with Leqvio Drug/dose:	
	☐ Contraindication/intolerance of statin therapy AND/OR ezetimibe Please explain:	
5.	One of the following:	
	☐ Previous trial and failure of Praluent (alirocumab) OR Repatha (evolocumab) Drug/dose/date(s):	
	□ Contraindication/intolerance of Repatha AND Praluent, OR medical justification for use of Leqvio Please explain:	
	One of the following (if Repatha AND Praluent contraindication/intolerance exists):	
	☐ Previous trial and failure of at least 90 days of high intensity rosuvastatin (20mg/40mg) therapy concurrently with ezetimibe Drug/dose/date(s):	
	☐ Member has a rosuvastatin intolerance and has a previous trial and failure of at least 90 days of high intensity atorvastatin (40mg/80mg) therapy concurrently with ezetimibe Drug/dose/date(s):	
	□ Documented intolerance to both rosuvastatin and atorvastatin and/or ezetimibe OR medical justification for use of Leqvio over statin and/or ezetimibe therapy Please explain:	
6.	One of the following:	
	☐ Member is initiating therapy and requested dose does not exceed 284 mg every 3 months	
	☐ Member is established on therapy and requested dose does not exceed 284 mg every 6 months	

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PA Requirements for Praluent (alirocumab): 1. One of the following: ☐ Member has a diagnosis of clinical ASCVD, is at Very High Risk requiring therapy for secondary prevention, AND has persistently elevated LDL-C (≥55 mg/dL) despite treatment with 90 days of therapy with high intensity rosuvastatin (20 mg/40 mg) or atorvastatin (40 mg/80 mg, if rosuvastatin intolerant) therapy or has documented intolerance of both rosuvastatin and atorvastatin OR medical rationale against the use of statin therapy* ☐ Member has a diagnosis of clinical ASCVD, is NOT at Very High Risk requiring therapy for secondary prevention, AND has persistently elevated LDL-C (≥70 mg/dL) despite treatment with 90 days of therapy with high intensity rosuvastatin (20 mg/40 mg) or atorvastatin (40 mg/80 mg, if rosuvastatin intolerant) therapy WITH ezetimibe or has documented intolerance of rosuvastatin and atorvastatin and/or ezetimibe OR medical rationale against the use of statin therapy and/or ezetimibe therapy ☐ Member has a diagnosis of clinical ASCVD, with a baseline LDL-C ≥190 mg/dL, not due to secondary causes, without clinical or genetic diagnosis of familial hypercholesterolemia, requiring therapy for secondary prevention AND has persistently elevated LDL-C (≥70 mg/dL) despite treatment with 90 days of therapy with high intensity rosuvastatin (20 mg/40 mg) or atorvastatin (40 mg/80 mg, if rosuvastatin intolerant) therapy or has documented intolerance of both rosuvastatin and atorvastatin OR medical rationale against the use of statin therapy* ☐ Member has a diagnosis of clinical ASCVD, is at Very High Risk with a baseline LDL-C ≥190 mg/dL not due to secondary causes, a diagnosis of familial hypercholesterolemia, requiring therapy for secondary prevention, AND has persistently elevated LDL-C (≥55 mg/dL) despite treatment with 90 days of therapy with high intensity rosuvastatin (20 mg/40 mg) or atorvastatin (40 mg/80 mg, if rosuvastatin intolerant) therapy or has documented intolerance of both rosuvastatin and atorvastatin OR medical rationale against the use of statin therapy* ☐ Member has a diagnosis of primary hyperlipidemia, without clinical ASCVD, with a baseline LDL-C ≥190 mg/dL not due to secondary causes, with or without concomitant ASCVD risk factors, requiring therapy for primary prevention AND persistently elevated LDL-C (≥100 mg/dL) despite treatment with 90 days of therapy with high intensity rosuvastatin (20 mg/40 mg) or atorvastatin (40 mg/80 mg, if rosuvastatin intolerant) therapy or has documented intolerance of both rosuvastatin and atorvastatin OR medical rationale against the use of statin therapy* ☐ Member has a diagnosis of homozygous familial hypercholesterolemia (HoFH) or heterozygous familial hypercholesterolemia (HeFH) AND persistently elevated LDL-C (≥70 mg/dL) despite treatment with 90 days of therapy with high intensity rosuvastatin (20 mg/40 mg) or atorvastatin (40 mg/80 mg, if rosuvastatin intolerant) therapy WITH ezetimibe or has documented intolerance of rosuvastatin and atorvastatin and/or ezetimibe OR medical rationale against the use of statin therapy and/or ezetimibe therapy * For members requiring >25% additional lowering of LDL-C ONLY (≤ 25% LDL-C lowering must utilize high intensity statin therapy WITH ezetimibe as first line) Note: documentation of any and all intolerances to statins and/or ezetimibe must be provided For any of the above diagnoses that require medical justification for use of Praluent over statin and/or ezetimibe therapy, please provide justification here:

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2.	Member is 18 years of age or older ☐ Yes ☐ No
3.	One of the following:
	☐ Requested dose is 75 mg every 2 weeks
	☐ Requested dose is 300 mg every 4 weeks
	☐ Requested dose is 150 mg every 2 weeks AND the member has one of the following:
	 Diagnosis of homozygous familial hypercholesterolemia Diagnosis of heterozygous familial hypercholesterolemia and member is undergoing LDL apheresis Member has not achieved clinically meaningful response after at least 4 weeks of dosing at 75 mg every 2 weeks or 300 mg every 4 weeks
D/	A Requirements for Repatha (evolocumab):
T F	Requirements for Repatria (evolocumas).
1.	One of the following:

1.	One of the following:
	☐ Member has a diagnosis of clinical ASCVD, is at Very High Risk requiring therapy for secondary prevention, AND has persistently elevated LDL-C (≥55 mg/dL) despite treatment with 90 days of therapy with high intensity rosuvastatin (20 mg/40 mg) or atorvastatin (40 mg/80 mg, if rosuvastatin intolerant) therapy or has documented intolerance of both rosuvastatin and atorvastatin OR medical rationale against the use of statin therapy*
	☐ Member has a diagnosis of clinical ASCVD, is NOT at Very High Risk requiring therapy for secondary prevention, AND has persistently elevated LDL-C (≥70 mg/dL) despite treatment with 90 days of therapy with high intensity rosuvastatin (20 mg/40 mg) or atorvastatin (40 mg/80 mg, if rosuvastatin intolerant) therapy WITH ezetimibe or has documented intolerance of rosuvastatin and atorvastatin and/or ezetimibe OR medical rationale against the use of statin therapy and/or ezetimibe
	☐ Member has a diagnosis of clinical ASCVD, with a baseline LDL-C ≥190 mg/dL, not due to secondary causes, without clinical or genetic diagnosis of familial hypercholesterolemia, requiring therapy for secondary prevention AND has persistently elevated LDL-C (≥70 mg/dL) despite treatment with 90 days of therapy with high intensity rosuvastatin (20 mg/40 mg) or atorvastatin (40 mg/80 mg, if rosuvastatin intolerant) therapy or has documented intolerance of both rosuvastatin and atorvastatin OR medical rationale against the use of statin therapy*
	☐ Member has a diagnosis of clinical ASCVD, is at Very High Risk with a baseline LDL-C ≥190 mg/dL not due to secondary causes, a diagnosis of familial hypercholesterolemia, requiring therapy for secondary prevention, AND has persistently elevated LDL-C (≥55 mg/dL) despite treatment with 90 days of therapy with high intensity rosuvastatin (20 mg/40 mg) or atorvastatin (40 mg/80 mg, if rosuvastatin intolerant) therapy or has documented intolerance of both rosuvastatin and atorvastatin OR medical rationale against the use of statin therapy*
	☐ Member has a diagnosis of primary hyperlipidemia, without clinical ASCVD, with a baseline LDL-C ≥190 mg/dL not due to secondary causes, with or without concomitant ASCVD risk factors, requiring therapy for primary prevention AND persistently elevated LDL-C (≥100 mg/dL) despite treatment with 90 days of therapy with high intensity rosuvastatin (20 mg/40 mg) or atorvastatin (40 mg/80 mg, if rosuvastatin intolerant) therapy or has documented intolerance of both rosuvastatin and atorvastatin OR medical rationale against the use of statin therapy*

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	☐ Member has a diagnosis of homozygous familial hypercholesterolemia (HoFH) or heterozygous familial hypercholesterolemia (HeFH) AND persistently elevated LDL-C (≥70 mg/dL) despite treatment with 90 days of therapy with high intensity rosuvastatin (20 mg/40 mg) or atorvastatin (40 mg/80 mg, if rosuvastatin intolerant) therapy WITH ezetimibe or has documented intolerance of rosuvastatin and atorvastatin and/or ezetimibe OR medical rationale against the use of statin therapy and/or ezetimibe
	* For members requiring >25% additional lowering of LDL-C ONLY (≤ 25% LDL-C lowering must utilize high intensity statin therapy WITH ezetimibe as first line)
	Note: documentation of any and all intolerances to statins and/or ezetimibe must be provided
	For any of the above diagnoses that have medical rationale against the use of statin and/or ezetimibe therapy please provide here:
2.	One of the following:
	☐ Member is 18 years of age or older
	☐ Member is 10 years of age or older and has a diagnosis of either HoFH or HeFH
3.	One of the following:
	☐ Requested dose is 140 mg every 2 weeks
	☐ Requested dose is 420 mg once monthly
	 Requested dose is 420 mg every 2 weeks AND the member has one of the following: Diagnosis of HoFH and has not achieved clinically meaningful response after at least 12 weeks at 420mg once monthly dosing Member is receiving lipid apheresis

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